

Southeast Michigan **Transportation Operations** Center

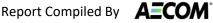
April 2018 **MONTHLY PERFORMANCE MEASURES**



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MDOT'S MISSION:

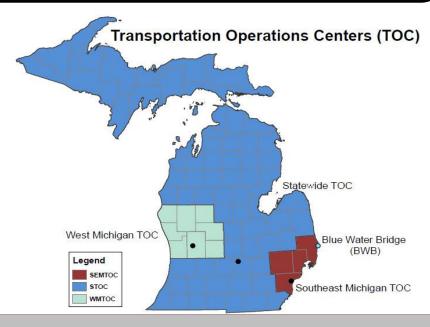
Providing the highest quality integrated transportation services for economic benefit and improved quality of life.



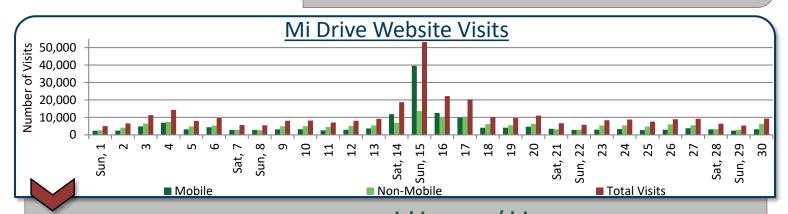
Traveler Information

The Statewide TOC (STOC) is responsible for traffic operations along more than 1,200 miles of freeway in the state of Michigan. STOC has intelligent transportation systems (ITS) equipment throughout five Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) regions, including: Bay, University, Southwest, Superior, and North.

The West Michigan TOC is responsible for traffic operations along 45 miles of freeway, while also covering 18 non-freeway trunkline miles in the greater Grand Rapids area and Grand Haven.



The Southeast Michigan TOC (SEMTOC) is a hub of ITS technology applications at MDOT. It is a world-class traffic management center where staff oversees a traffic monitoring system composed of 200 freeway miles, including the Blue Water Bridge (BWB) that connects I-94 and I-69 in the United States with Highway 402 in Canada. The BWB is one of the fastest links between the Midwest and Ontario.



A "visit" is counted each time a user accesses the **www.michigan.gov/drive** website, regardless of the number of pages viewed within the site. "Mobile" visits are those where the site is accessed using a mobile device, while "Non-Mobile" visits are those where the website is accessed from a computer.





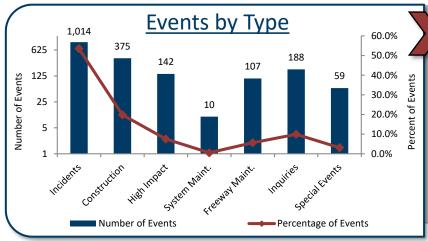
Control Room Activity

A task in which the control room operator (CRO) is involved. Multiple categories of events exist (e.g., Incident, Event:

Construction, Special Event).

Call: Any phone call that comes into or goes out of the control room. Multiple calls may be associated with one event. An event that impacts the shoulder, lane(s) or a ramp of a state of Michigan trunkline (e.g., accident, vehicle fire, Incident:

debris or police situation).

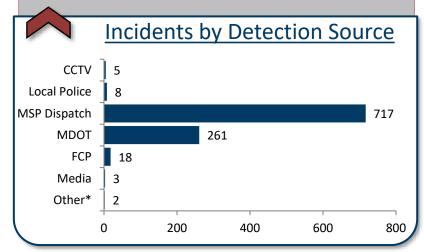


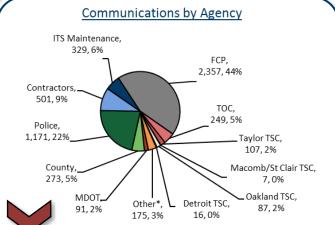
Control room **Events** consist of: construction, incidents, high impact (see definition on page 6), system maintenance (software and hardware), freeway maintenance (lighting, field equipment, potholes, sweeping, etc.), traffic inquiries (public and agencies), special event coordination, and Freeway Courtesy Patrol (FCP) assists (excluded from this table and described on page 4).

CROs logged 1,895 Events along the freeways, excluding FCP assists. The top Event categories are shown in the chart.

CROs rely on various sources to detect **Events** that occur along the freeways. When an **Event** is detected, the CRO is required to note which detection source was used. This not only ensures that the **Event** was detected by a reliable source, but also provides insight as to which sources are utilized most frequently.

*Other includes Mi Drive, Twitter and contractors.

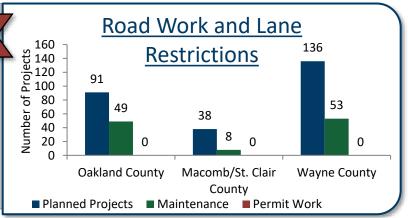




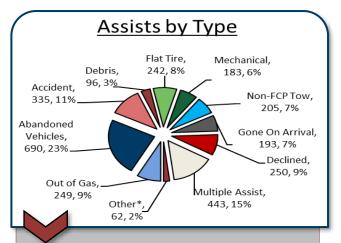
CROs managed **5,363 Communications** this month. The majority of all **Communications**, **44 percent**, were between the control room and the FCP.

- *Communications refer to phone calls and radio transactions.
- *Other includes Airport, Border, City of Detroit, Fire, Media, Special Event Venues and Transit Agencies, and DTMB.

CROs are responsible for monitoring and managing traffic operations along the freeways. It is critical to know where road work and lane restrictions are taking place and the impact that they may have on freeway operations. The mobility coordinator maintains frequent communication with MDOT staff, consultants and contractors to ensure that the CROs are kept up-to-date on the locations and impacts of road work and lane restrictions that include Planned Projects (Construction) and Maintenance (Repairs).



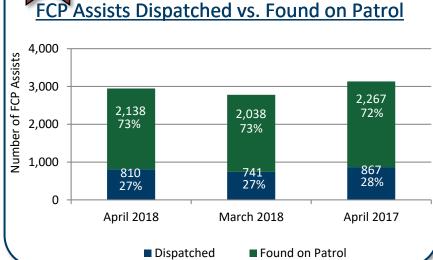
Freeway Courtesy Patrol

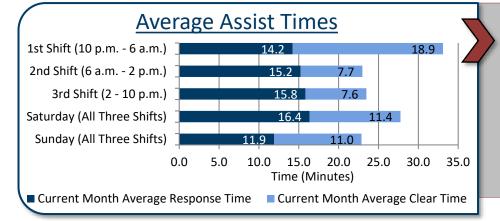


The FCP is a federally funded service provided to the public to assist stranded motorists, provide traffic control for **Incidents** and improve mobility along the freeways by keeping travel lanes clear of debris and disabled vehicles. The FCP had a total of **2,948** assists. The majority of the assists (**23 percent**) were identifying **Abandoned Vehicles**.

*Other includes Cellular Assists, FCP Tow, Gave Directions, Traffic Policing, and Motorist Transport.

FCP drivers are required to patrol their routes when not actively assisting a motorist. While on patrol, the driver may find an **Event** that the control room is not yet aware of. He/she will contact the control room via radio and the **Event** will be logged as "Found on Patrol." Likewise, if the CROs detect an **Event** that may require FCP involvement, he/she will dispatch the driver to the **Event** location and log it as "Dispatched."





The response and clear times for all FCP assists are logged by CROs. The average response and clear times for the current month are depicted on the graph to the left.

Shift response times may differ greatly due to the number of units on duty and their coverage areas. (Weekends and 1st shifts only have two units on the road covering all zones).

The FCP patrols more than **320** miles of freeway in southeast Michigan. They provided the most assistance along **I-75** (**704** assists). On **M-8**, they experienced the highest assist density (**19.1** assists per mile).

Freeway	Miles	Total Assists	Assist Density (assists per mile)	Avg. Response Time (minutes)	Avg. Clear Time (minutes)
I-75	87.6	704	8.0	14.9	10.2
I-94	60.7	686	11.3	15.2	10.5
I-96	34.0	395	11.6	14.6	8.6
I-275	37.5	237	6.3	14.8	8.2
I-696	28.7	424	14.8	16.2	10.6
M-59	24.0	32	1.3	18.0	1.0
I-375	1.2	2	1.7	8.0	1.0
M-10 (Lodge)	17.9	201	11.2	17.1	8.5
M-14	6.4	64	10.0	8.8	21.4
M-39 (Southfield)	14.2	111	7.8	20.4	6.9
M-5 (Grand River)	10.3	50	4.9	11.8	6.8
M-8 (Davison)	2.2	42	19.1	10.9	14.9



Traveler Assistance

Most-Utilized DMS for Unique Messages

Location	# Unique	% of Total
Location	Messages	Unique Messages
Southbound M-10 at Mt. Vernon	272	4.93%
Northbound I-75 south of Bagley	205	3.72%
Northbound M-10 at MLK	174	3.16%
Eastbound I-96 at Evergreen	162	2.94%
Westbound I-696 at Bermuda	125	2.27%

There were 5,515
unique messages
displayed throughout the
ITS network. A "unique
message" may be an
Incident, AMBER Alert,
construction or special
event message.

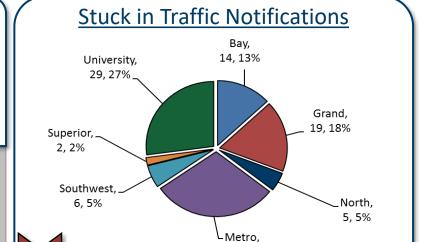
Travel-time messages are routinely displayed when unique messages are not active. Travel times are updated every 3 minutes.

ITS Field Device Availability

	Availability				
Device Type	Functional	Non-Functional	Total		
CCTV	311	19	330		
MVDS	NA	NA	375		
DMS	114	5	119		

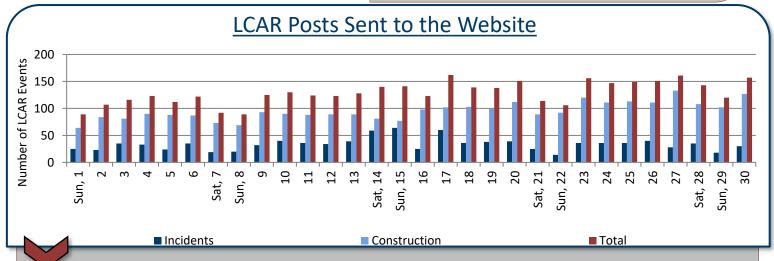
CROs track the average daily availability of all system devices so that timely maintenance can occur. The reliability of the devices in turn ensures that CROs have tools available to accurately provide traffic conditions to the motoring public.

- Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) Cameras
- Microwave Vehicle Detection Systems (MVDS)
- Dynamic Message Signs (DMS)



32,30%

Travelers with smartphones or Web-enabled mobile devices can go to the Mi Drive website and click on the "Stuck in Traffic?" link to report traffic delays or incidents. There were **107 Stuck in Traffic notifications** for the state of Michigan; the graph above shows how many were reported per MDOT region.



Construction and **Incident** information is posted to the Mi Drive website using the Lane Closure and Restrictions (LCAR) tool. Each post that was sent to the website from Metro Detroit is shown in the chart above.



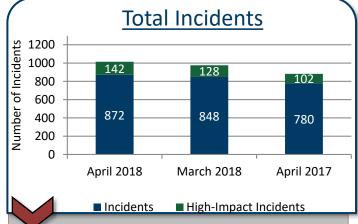
Incident Management

Incidents by Freeway

		April 2018 March 201		March 2018	118 April 2017					
Freeway	Miles	Total Incidents	Incidents per Mile	Average Duration	Total Incidents	Incidents per Mile	Average Duration	Total Incidents	Incidents per Mile	Average Duration
I-275	37.5	81	2.16	72.2 min	59	1.57	49.4 min	60	1.60	46.5 min
I-375	1.2	1	0.83	34.0 min	6	5.00	27.0 min	2	1.67	48.4 min
I-96 (Jeffries)	34	116	3.41	42.2 min	105	3.09	50.8 min	105	3.09	51.1 min
I-696 (Ruether)	28.7	134	4.67	42.4 min	128	4.46	43.2 min	129	4.49	42.0 min
I-75 (Chrysler/Fisher)	87.6	246	2.81	52.5 min	230	2.63	62.4 min	194	2.21	46.7 min
I-94 (Ford)	60.7	256	4.22	45.9 min	283	4.66	57.5 min	244	4.02	48.7 min
M-10 (Lodge)	17.9	70	3.91	44.7 min	59	3.30	41.9 min	61	3.41	36.1 min
M-14	6.4	12	1.88	75.1 min	20	3.13	54.3 min	12	1.88	38.8 min
M-39 (Southfield)	14.2	68	4.79	42.0 min	66	4.65	43.6 min	61	4.30	38.9 min
M-59	24	3	0.13	66.7 min	2	0.08	33.5 min	0	0.00	N/A
M-8 (Davison)	2.2	13	5.91	35.9 min	12	5.45	26.3 min	6	2.73	73.4 min
Regional Average Duration				49.1 min			53.4 min			45.8 min

I-94 experienced the highest total **Incidents**; however, M-8 had the greatest incident-per-mile rates. The longest average incident duration occurred along M-14.

The data recorded includes all incidents that were managed by SEMTOC and involve an incident response plan.



There were a total of **1,014** total **Incidents**, **14.0** percent of which were high-impact.

A high-impact incident is one that results in a total freeway closure in one direction, a freeway-to-freeway ramp closure, or an incident leaving only one lane open.

The majority of high-impact incidents, **30 percent**, occurred along **I-94**. High-impact incidents have the greatest effect on the freeway system. These incidents have an elevated response plan to best manage incidents to reduce UDC (user delay costs) and increase mobility.

High-Impact Incident Activity

	April 2018	March 2018	April 2017
Freeway Closures All Lanes Closed in One Direction	16	20	11
Lane Closures Only One Lane Open	113	90	85
Ramp Closures Freeway-to-Freeway	13	18	6
Total	142	128	102

Top Duration Incidents

Location Date		Duration	Details
Both directions I-94 at Wayne Rd.	Apr. 15	863 min	Entrance and exit ramps in both directions closed due to water over the road.
Northbound M-10 at Wyoming	Apr. 15	371 min	Only left lane open due to water over the road.
Northbound I-75 after Fort/Schaefer	Apr. 15	347 min	Semi crash leaving only the left lane open.
Westbound I-96 at M-14 Apr. 9 329 min		329 min	Crash closing the freeway.
Northbound I-75 after Outer Dr.	Apr. 18	311 min	Crash leaving only the left lane open.

The top duration Incident occurred along I-94 and lasted 863 minutes, compared to the average incident duration on M-14 of 75.1 minutes.



Freeway Incident Hot Spots



The Freeway Incident Hot Spot locations for the month are identified on this map. Hot spot **Incidents** may include accidents, debris or weather-related events. Details for each location portrayed on the map can be found in the "Hot Spot Activity" table below.

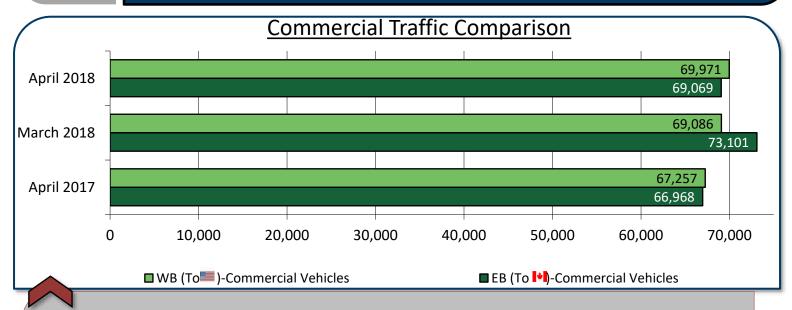
The Freeway Incident Hot **Spot** locations portrayed on the map are described in this table. The data recorded includes all incidents that were managed by SEMTOC and involve an incident response plan.

Hot Spot Activity



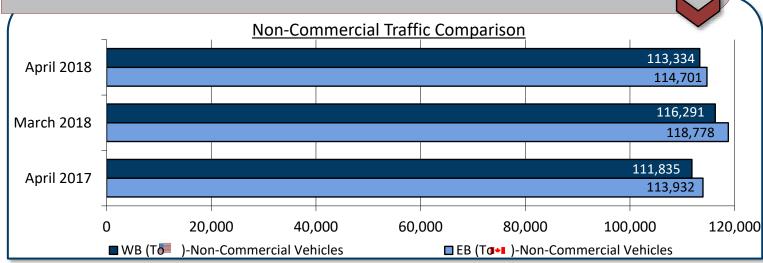
Blue Water Bridge (BWB) Control Room Activity

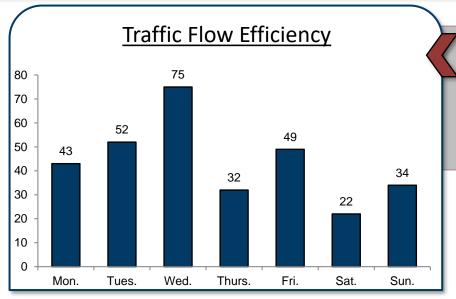
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Located near the I-94/I-69 interchange, the Blue Water Bridge forms a critical gateway linking Canada and the United States. Listed above and below is a traffic analysis for the current month's traffic report by vehicle type* compared to the previous month and current month last year.

*The chart above shows the quantity of commercial vehicles (e.g., tractor-trailer) while the chart below shows the quantity of non-commercial vehicles (e.g., personal vehicles).





To manage traffic from Canada to the United States, CROs change the approaching DMS to manage traffic flow efficiently.

The chart illustrates the CROs sign changes by day of week.